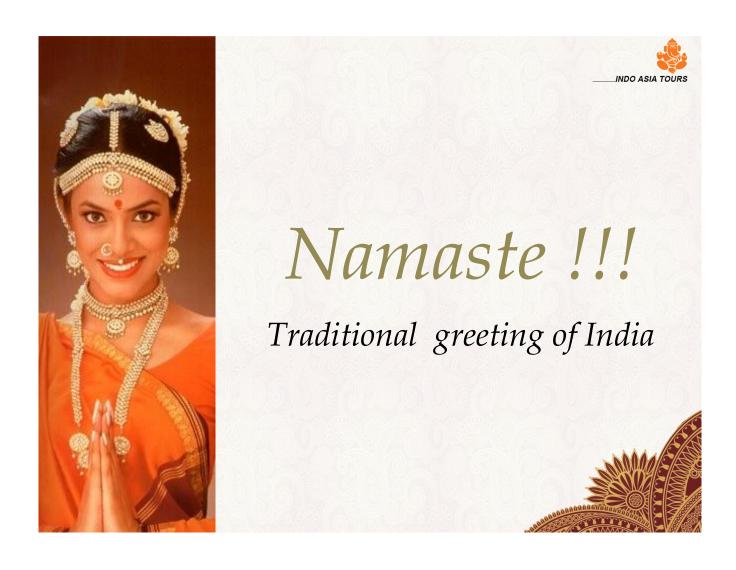


INDIEN-INCENTIVE

Welcome to the face of incredible India (The Golden Triangle)

Delhi - Agra - Jaipur - Delhi 06 Nights / 07 Days





Program Details

Day 01: Arrive at Delhi

Arrive in Delhi. On arrival, you will receive a Traditional welcome with Garlands by our representative and later



transferred to the hotel.

(Rooms will be available from 1400 hrs)

DELHI – It is a city that bridges two different worlds. Old Delhi, once the capital of Islamic India, is a labyrinth of narrow lanes lined with crumbling havelis and formidable mosques. In contrast, the imperial city of New Delhi created by the British Raj is composed of spacious, tree-lined avenues and imposing government buildings. Delhi has been the seat of power for several rulers and many empires for about a millennium. Many a times the city was built, destroyed and then rebuilt here. Interestingly, a number of Delhi's rulers played a dual role, first as destroyers



and then as creators.

On arrival in Delhi, transfer to the hotel.

Overnight at the hotel

Day 02: Delhi

After breakfast proceed for a tour of Delhi, including following -

Visit the Jama Masjid - This great mosque of Old Delhi is the largest in India, with a courtyard capable of holding 25,000 devotees. It was begun in 1644 and ended up being the final architectural extravagance of Shah Jahan, the



Mughal emperor who built the Taj Mahal and the Red Fort. The highly decorative mosque has three great gates, four towers and two 40 m-high minarets constructed of strips of red sandstone and white marble. The interior of the prayer hall is divided into aisles by arches. The walls and floors are of marble inlay panels.



Later enjoy an interesting Rickshaw ride (Paddy cab) in the Old Delhi Narrow streets & around Jama Masjid - Enjoy Rickshaw ride through the narrow streets of Old Delhi. The humble cycle rickshaw is not only the common



man's beast of burden, but it also serves to generate considerable employment. Most of all however, in an age when our cities are beset by the pollution menace of the automobile, it provides perhaps the only viable alternative for the short-haul



Later visit the **Red Fort** - The Red Fort, Shah Jahan's elegant citadel in red sandstone, was built on the western bank of the river Yamuna. Shahjahan, started the construction of this massive fort in 1638, when he shifted the



capital from Agra to Delhi. The Red sandstone walls of the massive Red Fort rise 33-m above the clamor of Old Delhi as a reminder of the magnificent power and pomp of the Mughals. Inside is a veritable treasure trove of buildings, including the Drum House, the Hall of Public and Private Audiences, the Pearl Mosque, Royal Baths and Palace of Color. (*It remains closed on Mondays*).

Raj Ghat - Raj Ghat is a memorial to Mahatma Gandhi. It is a black marble platform that marks the spot of Mahatma Gandhi's cremation, on 31 January 1948, a day after his assassination. It is left open to the sky while an eternal flame burns perpetually at one end. It is located on the banks of the river Yamuna in Delhi on Ring Road officially known as Mahatma Gandhi Road. A stone footpath flanked by lawns leads to the walled enclosure that houses the memorial.

Drive past at Govt. Buildings - New Delhi houses several government buildings and official residences reminiscent of the British colonial architecture. Today we will drive past few of them, like The Parliament House, designed by Baker is 173m in diameter, the Rashtrapati Bhawan once the Viceroy's residence is now the official



residence of the President of India. Designed by Lutyens, it combines western and eastern styles.

Photo Stop at India Gate - At the centre of New Delhi stands the 42 m high India Gate, an "Arc-de-Triumph" like archway in the middle of a crossroad. Almost similar to its French counterpart, it commemorates the 70,000 Indian soldiers who lost their lives fighting for the British Army during the World War I. The memorial bears the names of



more than 13,516 British and Indian soldiers killed in the Northwestern Frontier in the Afghan war of 1919. Under the arch, the Amar Jawan Jyoti commemorating Indian armed forces' losses in the Indo-Pakistan war of 1971.

Humayun Tomb - Humayun's Tomb is probably one of the most innovative and experimental monuments of its time, incorporating within it Indo-Islamic architectural styles. This magnificent garden tomb is the first substantial example of Mughal architecture in India. It was built in 1565 A.D. nine years after the death of Humayun, by his senior widow Bega Begam. Inside the walled enclosure the most notable features are the garden squares (Charbagh) with pathways water channels, centrally located well proportional mausoleum topped by double dome.

Evening enjoy a nice welcome dinner in The Kylin Experience Restaurant (Including 02 pints of beer / Soft



drinks for non drinkers per person)

Overnight at the hotel

Day 03: Delhi / Agra (Approx 210 Kms / 04 ½ hrs drive)

After breakfast, drive to Agra.

AGRA - The city of the inimitable "TAJ MAHAL" - The architectural splendor of the mausoleums, the fort and the palaces is vivid reminder of the opulence of the legendary Mughal Empire. While its significance as a political center ended with the transfer of the capital to Delhi in 1634 by Shah Jahan, its architectural wealth has secured its place



on the international map. A pleasant town with a comparatively slow pace, Agra is known for its superb inlay work on marble and soapstone by craftsmen who are descendants of those who worked under the Mughals.

On arrival in Agra, transfer to hotel. Later enjoy visit of Agra including following:



Agra Fort - The great Mughal Emperor Akbar commissioned the construction of the Agra Fort in 1666, A.D. although additions were made till the time of his grandson Shahjahan. The forbidding exteriors of this fort hide an inner paradise. There are a number of exquisite buildings like Moti Masjid - a white marble mosque akin to a perfect pearl; Diwan-I-Am, Diwan-I-Khaas, Musamman Burj - where Shahjahan died in 1666 A.D. Jahangir's Palace; Khaas Mahal and Shish Mahal. The massive Agra fort is 2.5 km long and is considered as the predecessor of the Delhi Red fort.

Taj Mahal - Taj Mahal or Crown of Palaces is a white marble mausoleum, built by Mughal Emperor Shahjahan as a memorial to his beloved wife Mumtaz Mahal. A world-renowned wonder, Taj Mahal looks the same from all the four sides and is widely recognized as "the jewel of Muslim art in India and one of the universally admired masterpieces of the world's heritage". The Taj Mahal is phenomenal not in the beauty alone but in the deep planning and design that went into its making. This enchanting mausoleum started in 1631 and it took 22 years to complete with the help of an estimated 20000 workers. (*It remains closed on Fridays*).

In evening, enjoy visit to a local theatre to witness the "Mohabbat the Taj Show" - Mohabbat-the-Taj' – a series of play depicting the saga of love. The true and immortal love of Shajahan for Mumtaz Mahal- his beautiful wife; the



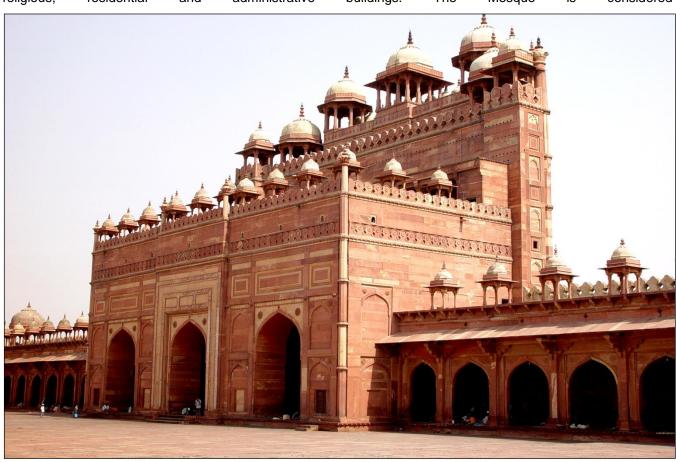


lavish lifestyle of Mughal era; emaculate hardship of the artisans for 22 years that created the most precious specimen of craftsmanship... 'Mohabbat-the-Taj' at 'Kalakriti is exceptionally inviting. The effort to hold up the cultural and historical legacy of India is worth a glance. So, be with us to witness the Indian heritage come alive.

Dinner & Overnight at the hotel

Day 04: Agra / Fatehpur Sikri / Jaipur (Approx 245 Kms / 05 ½ hrs drive)

After breakfast, drive to Jaipur while on the way enjoy visit of **Fatehpur Sikri** - The beautiful and deserted medieval city built by Akbar the Great in the 16th century to serve as the capital of his vast empire. The complex consists of religious, residential and administrative buildings. The Mosque is considered



a copy for the Mosque at Mecca and is extremely elegant, containing elements of Hindu and Persian design. Housed here is the Shrine of Sheikh Salim Chisti one of the greatest of Sufi saints of the Muslim world.

After visiting Fatehpur Sikri, drive to Jaipur.



JAIPUR – The fascinating capital of the marvelous state of Rajasthan.

Jaipur is popularly known as the Pink City, thanks to the colour of its buildings. It was built in 1727 A.D by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, followed a grid system, which made it the only planned city of its time. A young Bengali architect Vidhyadhar Bhattacharya designed the city in accordance with Shilp Shastra – an ancient Hindu treatise on architecture. There are innumerable sagas and stories of culture, traditions, practices and valour. This diverse land of rich cultural heritage is a royal treat for tourists all over the world.

On arrival in Jaipur, transfer to the hotel.

Dinner & Overnight at the hotel

Day 05 Jaipur

After breakfast, enjoy visit of Jaipur including following:

City Palace - Located in the heart of the walled city, the City Palace Complex gives you an idea about the farsightedness of the founder of Jaipur Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh. He left behind a legacy of some of the most





imposing and magnificent architecture in the city. Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh built many buildings but some of the structures were also built by later rulers. The palace is a blend of Mughal and Rajput architecture and the ex-royal family still lives in a part of the palace.

Jantar Mantar - The Jantar Mantar is a collection of architectural astronomical instruments, built by Maharaja (King) Jai Singh II between 1727 and 1734. It is modeled after the one that he had built for him at Delhi. He had constructed a total of five such facilities at different locations, including the ones at Delhi and Jaipur. The Jaipur observatory is the largest and best preserved of these. It has been inscribed on the World Heritage List as "an expression of the astronomical skills and cosmological concepts of the court of a scholarly prince at the end of the Mughal period".

Optional - In the afternoon head for the Dera Amer Camp for an Elephant ride and a nice Barbeque dinner at a nice setting of the Camp - Enjoy the elephant ride around Dera Amer. This ride is of 10- 15 mins is conducted in the original Aravali forests surrounding the camp and follow a route passing by hutments, agricultural fields, hills and ancient monuments, the birdlife in the thick forests is thriving and though panthers do inhabit the jungles it is very rare to see them however occasionally the hyena and the wolf has been sighted by guests, antelopes, jackals





are in abundance. The sunset elephant treks are magical. Later enjoy a nice dinner at a fantastic setting in the Camp. After that head back to the hotel

Dinner & Overnight at the hotel

Day 06 Jaipur – Gala Dinner in Samode Palace (42 Kms around 01 Hrs drive one way)

After breakfast, enjoy visit of Jaipur including following:

Photo Stop at Hawa Mahal Palace - The poet king Sawai Pratap Singh built this palace of winds. This is easily the most well-known landmarks of Jaipur and is also its icon. This five-storey building overlooking the busy bazaar street is a fascinating example of Rajput



architecture and artistry with its delicately honeycombed 953 pink sandstone windows known as 'jharokhas'. It was originally built for the ladies of the royal household to watch everyday life and processions in the city from their veiled comfort.



Elephant / Jeep ride up to the Amber Fort - Enjoy Elephant ride up to the Amber Fort like the royalty of Rajasthan once did. Mount the animal from a raised platform and sit comfortably in a specially designed, secure seat as the



majestic animal winds its way up the ramparts of the fort. The Elephants look beautiful as the mahouts (the person who drives the elephants) decorate them, especially the trunk, with floral and geometric patterns using colored chalk and powders.

Visit the Amber Fort - The Amber Fort set in picturesque and rugged hills is a fascinating blend of Hindu and Mughal architecture. Constructed by Raja Man Singh I in 1592 and completed by Mirja Raja Jai Singh, the fort was made in red sand stone and white marble. Amber is the classic and romantic fort-palace with a magnificent aura. The interior wall of





the palace depicts expressive painting scenes with carvings, precious stones and mirror settings. Built mainly for the warring enemies as a safe place, the heavily structured walls could defend the residents within the ramparts of the fort.

In the evening, proceed for Gala Dinner at Samode Palace (42 Kms around 01 Hrs drive one way) - Guests assemble at the main entrance of the Palace. On arrival of the guests the Palace will be in complete darkness and there will be Horses, camels, soldiers all dressed for the welcome.

Once the guests have assembled at the entrance the Palace and the Fort will be illuminated. Thereafter the guests move towards the Palace steps, which has a red carpet and floral decoration on the sides. On the steps there will be women showering flowers as guest walk towards the entrance. At the entrance, tikka will be done with musicians





playing alongside. The guest then move onto the second courtyard, where a Bhopa(musician playing a one stringed instrument) welcomes them. On the 3rd courtyard there is a puppet show before guest move to the Sheesh Mahal. At the Sheesh Mahal the guests will be served an alcoholic welcome drink and light snacks. For the dinner the guest moves to either the Durbar Hall terrace or the top terrace of the Hall where there will be music, folk dances till the end of the dinner. The dinner will end with fireworks.

Later rerun back to the hotel

Overnight at the hotel

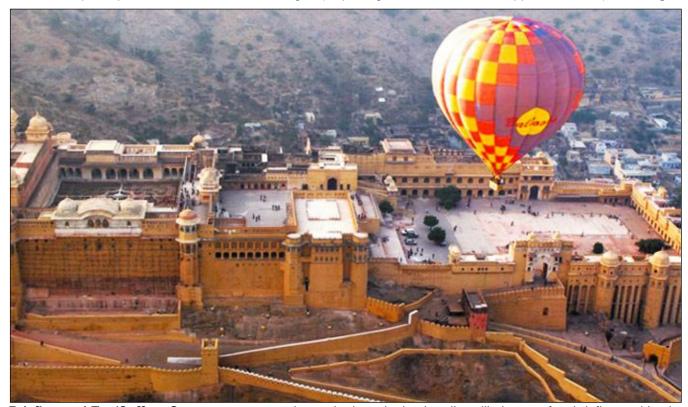
Day 07 Jaipur / Delhi (Approx 265 Kms / 05 ½ hrs drive)

Optional - Early morning enjoy hot air balloon ride in Jaipur.

Passenger Pick-up and Drop: Passengers will be picked-up from their hotel /accommodation approximately 45



minutes before the flight (dependant on the distance between the hotel and launch site). Passengers will be notified of the exact pick-up time 24 hours before their flight. (Reporting time at Launch site: approx 0645 hrs) **Passenger**



Briefing and Tea/Coffee: Once passengers arrive at the launch site the pilot will give a safety briefing and basic orientation to the technical aspects of Hot-Air Ballooning. Tea/Coffee, cold drinks and cookies are served during the inflation of the balloon.

Flight: Flight time is approximately 60 minutes (+/- 10 minutes). Bottled mineral water is available during the flight.

Post flight Activities: After the balloon has landed, passengers can stay for as little or as long as they like until they are ready to leave the landing site to be driven back to their hotel. The pilot will hand out First Flight certificates to all passengers as a memento of their experience.

Total Ballooning experience: Approximately 3 hours. Also note few important details regarding balloon ride:

- There is no upper age limit; passengers must be able to stand for at-least one hour. Children must be at least 6 years of age and 1.5 m tall (to see over the sides of basket)..
- If you have a disability, medical condition or have recently undergone a surgery, it's best to check with your doctor to ensure you're fit to fly. However, we're unable to fly anyone who is confined to a wheelchair. It is very important that you disclose any medical or physical condition that could be considered to affect your



safety or the safety of others. You must not fly if you are under the influence of alcohol or drugs

Later in the day drive to Delhi.

On arrival in Delhi, Transfer to an airport hotel for **Dinner and Wash & change rooms for 02 Hrs (04 Pax in one room)**

Further in the evening in time transfer to the airport for taking flight back to onward destination.

End of Services